Automation (21-541)

Advanced Manufacturing Laboratory

Department of Industrial Engineering

Sharif University of Technology

Session # 3



Session Schedule

• CIM hardware and software considerations

Introduction to manufacturing automation and CIM (Computer Integrated Manufacturing)

Automation:

- set of all measures aiming at replacing human work through machines (e.g. automation is applied science)
- the technology used for this purpose (e.g. this company has an automation department)

■ Automation:

- replacement of human work through machines
 (e.g. the automatisation of the textile factory caused uproar of the workers)
- replacement of conscious activity by reflexes
 (e.g. drill of the sailors allows the automatisation of ship handling)

Automation:

The use of computers and machines instead of people to do a job



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CIM history (Continued...)

• CIM scope within the enterprises:

- Marketing
- Product Design
- Planning
- Purchase
- Manufacturing Engineering
- Factory Automation Hardware
- Warehousing
- Logistics and Supply Chain Management
- Finance
- Information Management



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CIM hardware and software considerations

- CIM equipment:
 - CNC machines
 - Computerized work centers
 - Robotic work cells
 - DNC/FMS systems
 - Work handling and tool handling devices
 - Storage devices
 - Sensors, shop floor data collection devices
 - Inspection machines
 - Computers, controllers
 - CAD/CAM systems, workstations / terminals, data entry terminals, bar code readers, RFID tags
 - Printers, plotters and other peripheral devices, modems, cables, connectors

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CIM hardware and software considerations

- CIM software comprises computer programs like:
 - Management Information System; Database Management
 - Sales, Order Entry
 - Marketing
 - Finance
 - Analysis; Modeling and Design
 - Simulation
 - Inventory Control; Materials Handling
 - Monitoring; Shop Floor Data Collection
 - Process Planning
 - Manufacturing Facilities Planning; Production Control
 - Work Flow Automation
 - Quality Management

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Introduction to manufacturing automation and CIM (Computer Integrated Manufacturing)

- Computer Integrated Manufacturing (CIM) encompasses
 - The entire range of <u>product development and manufacturing activities</u> with all the functions being carried out
 - With the help of dedicated software packages.
 - The data required for various functions are passed from <u>one application software</u> to another in a <u>seamless</u> manner
- CIM considers
 - All activities from the <u>design of the product</u> to <u>customer support</u> in an <u>integrated</u> way,



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CIM Database management

- The information required for manufacturing cover a wide range of disciplines and serving a multitude of inter-related yet vastly differing needs.
- A database can be defined as a collection of data in a single location designed to be used by different programmers for a variety of applications.
- A database is a collection of logically related data stored together in a set of files intended to serve one or more applications in an optimal fashion.
- Database must also have a predetermined structure and organization suitable for access, interpretation, or processing either manually or automatically

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CIM Database management

- *The CIM database comprises basically four classes of data:*
 - Product Data: Data about parts to be manufactured. It includes text and geometry data.
 - Manufacturing Data: The information as to how the parts are to be manufactured is available in production data.
 - Operational Data: Closely related to manufacturing data but describes the things specific to production, such as lot size, schedule, assembly sequence, qualification scheme.
 - Resource Data: This is closely related to operational data but describes the resources involved in operations, such as materials, machines, human resources and money

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CIM Database management

- *Varied tasks one might expect to accomplish in a CIM environment:*
 - Designing assemblies and performing tolerance analysis on those assemblies.
 - Preparing production drawings of assemblies, individual parts, tooling, fixtures and other manufacturing facilities.
 - Preparing part lists and bill of materials (BOM).
 - *Preparing process plans for individual part manufacture and assembly.*
 - Programming CNC machines for processing complete parts (CAM).
 - Designing work cells and programming the movement of components in those cells using work handling devices like robots, conveyors, AGV's/RGV's.
 - Preparing inspection programs including programs for CNC machines.

Make your own CIM database!!

- To understand the necessities of a CIM data base:
 - Groups with 5-6 students will be established
 - Each group starts the essential activities for forming a CIM database in the class theoretically
 - The implementation of theoretical activities will be conducted during the weeks in manufacturing laboratory
 - The implementation results will form the groups CIM databases during the course

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Make your own CIM database!!

- First step:
 - Definition of the groups
 - You can introduce your group members:



• You will be assigned to random defined groups.

Make your own CIM database!!

- *Second step:*
 - Choose a programming language e.g.
 - Microsoft SQL server
 - Oracle
 - Microsoft Access
 - Visual studio
 - **■** C++
 - C
 - Pascal



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Make your own CIM database!!



- Theoretically plan the procedures which enable:
 - The storage of object related data (attributes)
 - The sort of data related to an array of objects (Tables, Primary keys)
 - The storage of relation among related objects (relational database, Foreign keys)
 - The retrieve operation of a definite object by means of its attributes (Select)
 - The modification/delete operation of a definite object by means of its attributes (Update/Delete)



Make your own CIM database!!



- Third step: (Continued ...)
 - Theoretically plan the procedures which enable:
 - The transfer of your data base from one computer to another (Back up operation)
 - The extract of information from an array objects (Information)
 - The extract of knowledge from a series of information (knowledge)

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